Lexical tools

Text processing

SPECIALIST LEXICON
THE INSOMNIAC'S DICTIONARY

Illusmus: Reference to oneself by use of the third person
Inbreaking: The act of covering up one's inferiority complex
Inglenook: A place by the fire or any warm and comfortable area
Insibility: Legal term for evil advice or counsel
Jamaica: Illusion that one has never previously experienced a situation, when in fact it is quite familiar (see Déjà vu)
Jen: A compassionate love for all humanity or for the whole world
Karateka: A karate expert
Kloof: A deep ravine
Kludge: A system (especially of computers) made up of poorly matched components
Lallation: Pronouncing an "R" so that it sounds like an "L"
Lapidation: The act of stoning a person to death
Latrocination: A robbery that involves the use of force or violence
Lexicon: A fancy synonym for "dictionary"
Litotes: A form of understatement in which two negatives are used to make a positive ("he was not unhappy")
Longueur: A long and boring passage in a work of literature, drama, music, etc.
Macarism: The practice of making others happy by praising them
Matutinal: Pertaining to anything that takes place in the morning
Melorrhea: The writing of excessively long musical works
Meteorism: A tendency to uncontrollable passing of intestinal gas
Metrona: A young grandmother
Microperfor: The very small perforations along the edges of computer paper
Migrateur: A wanderer
Mnemonic: That which assists memory (a classic mnemonic device is the one familiar to astronomy students: "Oh be a fine girl, kiss me"—a unique way to remember the stellar classifications O,B,A,F,G,K, and M)
Moria: Morbid impulse to make jokes
Omnimor: The stresses of modern life
Omphalolapse: The act of contemplating one's navel
Onychophagy: The habit of biting one's fingernails
Oxymoron: A phrase or expression composed of contradictory elements ("awfully good," for example)
The SPECIALIST Lexicon

- A syntactic lexicon
- Biomedical and general English
- Over 490,000 records
Lexicon Growth

SPECIALIST LEXICON Growth

- Year: 1994 to 2015
- Y-axis: 0 to 1,000,000
- Data categories: Lexical Items, Inflected Forms

The graph illustrates the growth of specialist lexicon over the years, with a steady increase in lexical items and inflected forms.
village square square square square
fair and square square square
the circle square square square
Miller -- 1991
Frequency Spectrum: Alice in Wonderland

Bayaan, 2001
The Long Tail
The SPECIALIST LEXICON

- Morphology
  - Inflection
  - Derivation
- Orthography
  - Spelling variants
- Syntax
  - Complementation for verbs, nouns, and adjectives
Morphology

- **Inflectional**
  - nucleus, nuclei
  - cauterize, cauterizes, cauterized, cauterizing
  - red, redder, reddest

- **Derivational**
  - laryngeal -- larynx
  - transport -- transportation
I suppose you could say I'm a dictionaryologist.

Dictionary+ology+ist
Derivational Morphology
Orthography

Spelling Variation

- align -- aline
- Grave’s disease -- Graves’s disease -- Graves’ disease
- anesthetize -- anesthetise
- Esophagus -- oesophagus
- foetus – fetus
- centre -- center
Orthography

HAGAR THE HORRIBLE  CHRIS BROWNE

I NEED THE CORRECT SPELLING FOR THE RECORDS...

HOW DO YOU SPELL ‘CROCODILE’?

DR. ZOOK

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Syntax -- Verb Complements

- intran
  - I’ll treat.

- tran=np
  - He treated the patient.

- ditran=np,pphr(with,np)
  - She treated the patient with the drug.
Syntax -- Verb Complements

{base=treat
 entry=E0061964
   cat=verb
   variants=reg
   intran
   tran=np
   tran=pphr(with,np)
   tran=pphr(of,np)
   ditran=np,pphr(to,np)
   ditran=np,pphr(with,np)
   ditran=np,pphr(for,np)
   cplxtran=np,advbl
   nominalization=treatment|noun|E0061968
}
Syntax -- Verb Particle Constructions

clean up
scrub down
look up
{base=clean
   entry=E0017272
   cat=verb
   variants=reg
   intran
   intran;part(up)
   tran=np
   tran=np;part(up)
   nominalization=clean|noun|E0017273
   nominalization=cleanup|noun|E0319808}
Categories – Parts of Speech

![Graph showing the number of lexical items for different parts of speech. The graph is color-coded for nouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs, prepositions, pronouns, conjunctions, determiners, modals, auxiliaries, and complements.](image-url)
Lexicon Unit Records

{base=Kaposi's sarcoma
spelling_variant=Kaposi sarcoma
entry=E0003576
  cat=noun
  variants=uncount
  variants=reg
  variants=glreg
}

{base=chronic
entry=E0016869
  cat=adj
  variants=inv
  position=attrib(1)
  position=pred
  stative
}

{base=aspirate
entry=E0010803
  cat=verb
  variants=reg
  tran=np
  nominalization=aspiration|noun|E0010804
}

{base=in
entry=E0033870
  cat=prep
}

Orthographic vs. Lexicographic Word:

Why, for instance, if a two-word boy scout feels chilly on his one-word campground, does he pull up a two-word camp chair in front of his one-word campfire? Anyone who seeks a strictly logical answer to such questions is chasing will-o'-the-wisps (chargeable in telegrams as a single word, because of the hyphens) in a semantic bog.

{base=resume
spelling_variant=résumé
spelling_variant=resumé
entry=E0053099
    cat=noun
    variants=reg
}

{base=role
spelling_variant=rôle
entry=E0053757
    cat=noun
    variants=reg
}

{base=deja vu
spelling_variant=deja-vu
spelling_variant=déjà vu
entry=E0021340
    cat=noun
    variants=uncount
}

{base=cafe
spelling_variant=café
entry=E0420690
    cat=noun
    variants=reg
}
Noun Variants

{base=Kaposi's sarcoma
spelling_variant=Kaposi sarcoma
entry=E0003576
cat=noun
variants=uncount
variants=reg
variants=glreg
}

- Kaposi’s sarcoma
- Kaposi’s sarcomas
- Kaposi’s sarcomata
- Kaposi sarcoma
- Kaposi sarcomas
- Kaposi sarcomata
Regular Nouns

The plural suffix is *s.*

*y* becomes *ie* following a consonant before *s.*
e is inserted before *s* if the base ends in *s, z, x, ch,* or *s*

Leach – Leaches

Stomach – Stomachs  ➔ irregular
# Greco-latin Regular Nouns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Singular Ends With:</th>
<th>Plural Ends With:</th>
<th>Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-us</td>
<td>-i</td>
<td>focus/foci</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-ma</td>
<td>-mata</td>
<td>trauma/traumata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-a</td>
<td>-ae</td>
<td>larva/larvae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-um</td>
<td>-a</td>
<td>ilium/ilia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-on</td>
<td>-a</td>
<td>taxon/taxa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-sis</td>
<td>-ses</td>
<td>analysis/analyses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-is</td>
<td>-ides</td>
<td>cystis/cystides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-men</td>
<td>-mina</td>
<td>foramen/foramina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-ex</td>
<td>-ices</td>
<td>index/indices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-x</td>
<td>-ces</td>
<td>matrix/matrices</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Octopuses

"Fellow octopi, or octopuses ... octopi? ... Dang, it's hard to start a speech with this crowd."
Uncount Nouns
(abstract or mass)

* a smallpox
* two smallpoxes
much smallpox
* a potassium
* two potassiuums
much potassium

* This form does not occur
Countability

- Mail
  * A mail
  much mail
  * many mails

- E-Mail
  An e-mail
  much e-mail
  many e-mails

* This form does not occur
Uncount Nouns

- Spaghetti
- Broccolo
- Jacuzzo
Fixed Plural Nouns

{base=police
 entry=E0048616
  cat=noun
  variants=plur
}

{base=scissors
 entry=E0054633
  cat=noun
  variants=plur
}
Irregular Nouns

{base=corpus
 entry=E0019113
  cat=noun
  variants=irreg|corpora|
  variants=reg
 }

{base=larynx
 entry=E0036919
  cat=noun
  variants=irreg|larynges|
  variants=reg
 }
Regular Verbs

- The third person present tense suffix is *s*.
  - *y* becomes *ie* following a consonant before *s*.
  - *e* is inserted between *z*, *x*, *ch*, or *sh* and *s*.
- The past tense suffix is *ed*.
  - *y* becomes *ie* following a consonant before *ed*.
  - Final *e* is deleted before *ed*.
- The past participle is the same as the past tense.
- The present participle suffix is *ing*.
  - *y* becomes *ie* following a consonant before *ing*.
  - Final *e* is deleted before *ing* unless preceded by *e*, *y* or *o*.
Regular Verbs

- dismiss: dismisses, dismissed, dismissing
- agree: agrees; agreed; agreeing
- dry: dries, dried, drying
Regular Doubling Verbs

- End in a CVC pattern
- Double the final consonant before *ed* and *ing*.
- Are otherwise regular
- variants=regd

control: controls, controlled, controlling
Irregular Verbs

Bite: bite, bites, bit, bitten
Irregular Verbs

{base=bite
  entry=E0013219
  cat=verb
  variants=irreg|bite|bites|bit|bitten|biting|
  intran
  tran=np
  cplxtran=np,advbl
}

Ancillary Data Bases

- Synonymy
  - sm.db
- Derivation
  - dm.db, dm.rules
- Inflection
  - im.rules
- Neoclassical compounds
  - nc.db
Derivational Facts and Rules

dm.facts
treatment|noun|treat|verb
prohibition|noun|prohibitive|adj
cell lineage|noun|cell line|noun
photochemo-therapeutic|adj|photochemo-therapy|noun
pharmaco-therapeutic|adj|pharmaco-therapy|noun
Derivational Facts and Rules

dm.rules

# e.g. alienation|alienate
ation$|noun|ate|verb
    ration|rate; station|state;
Inflectional Facts and Rules

im.rules

# Noun rules (glreg)
us$|noun|singular|i$|noun|plural
  antus|anti;
ma$|noun|singular|mata$|noun|plural
a$|noun|singular|ae$|noun|plural
um$|noun|singular|a$|noun|plural
on$|noun|singular|a$|noun|plural
sis$|noun|singular|ses$|noun|plural
is$|noun|singular|ides$|noun|plural
men$|noun|singular|mina$|noun|plural
ex$|noun|singular|ices$|noun|plural
x$|noun|singular|ces$|noun|plural
Neoclassical compounds

nc.db

abdomin(o)|abdomen|root
ab|away from|prefix
acanth(o)|prickle|root
acar(o)|mite|root
acetabul(o)|acetabulum|root
ad|towards|prefix
agogue|inducing|terminal
albumin(o)|albumin|root
sis|condition|terminal
stomy|surgical opening|terminal
A pneumoconiosis caused by the inhalation of very fine silicate or quartz dust.

The Protein of a tobacco mosaic virus, Dahlemense strain

acetylseryltyrosylserylisoleucylthreonylserylserylserylprolylserylglutaminylnylphenylalanylvalylphenylalanylleucylserylserylvalyltryptophylalanlylaspartyprolylisoleucylglutamyllleucylleucyllasparaginylnylalanlserylglutaminylthreonylglutaminylglutaminylglutaminylalanylarginylthreonylthreonylglutaminylvalylglutaminylglutaminylglutaminylphenylalanyllasparaginylnylalanlserylglutaminylvalyltryptophyllysylprolylphenylalanlprolylglutaminylserylthreonylvalylarginylnylphenylalanlprolylglycylaspartyvalyltyrosyllysylvalyltyrosylarginyltyrosylasparaginylnalanlvalylleucylaspartyprolylisoleucylthreonyllalanlylleucylglyclylthreonyllphenylalanlasparspartyllalanthyreonylvalylarginylasparspartyllalanthyreonylarginylvalylasparaginylglutaminylglutaminylserylprolylthreonylthreonylalanlylgutamylthreonyllleucylaspartyllalanthyreonylarginylvalylasparspartyllalanthyreonylvalylalanlisoleucylarginyllalanlylasparaginylisoleucylasparaginylleucylvallalasparaginylglycylleucylvalylglutamylasparaginylglutaminylglutaminylmethionylserylglucytleucylvalyltryptophylthreonylserylalanlylprolylalanlylserine
Synonyms

sm.db

alar|adj|wing|noun
amygdaline|adj|tonsil|noun
articular|adj|joint|noun
bulbar|adj|medulla oblongata|noun
fununcular|adj|boil|noun
genicular|adj|knee|noun
hepatocellular|adj|liver cells|noun
lazar|adj|leprosy|noun
lenticular|adj|crystalline lens|noun
ypsiliform|adj|upsiloid|adj
wolfram|noun|tungsten|noun
double vision|noun|diplopia|noun
Lexical tools

SPECIALIST LEXICON

Text processing
Lexical Tools

- **Wordind** -- breaks strings into words
  - Produces the Metathesaurus word indexes (MRXW)

- **LVG** -- performs various lexical transformations

- **NORM** -- a selection of LVG transformations,
  - Used for Metathesaurus indexing
  - Produces the Metathesaurus Normalized word and string indexes (MRXNW & MRXNS)
  - Used to access those indexes
Normalization

- Hodgkin Disease
- HODGKINS DISEASE
- Hodgkin's Disease
- Disease, Hodgkin's
- HODGKIN'S DISEASE
- Hodgkin's disease
- Hodgkins Disease
- Hodgkin's disease NOS
- Hodgkin's disease, NOS
- Disease, Hodgkins
- Diseases, Hodgkins
- Hodgkins Diseases
- Hodgkins disease
- hodgkin's disease
- Disease;Hodgkins
- Disease, Hodgkin
The Lexical Systems Group

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